

This report was generated by the Ontario Ministry of Heritage, Sport, Tourism and Culture Industries TREIM model

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Note: The Ministry of Heritage, Sport, Tourism and Culture Industries does not take any responsibility for inputs that the user has provided, nor for the interpretation of the results.

1. Introduction

This report provides an estimate of the economic impact that Economic Impact of Visitor Spending AQ 2019 is expected to have on Ontario's economy, in terms of Gross Domestic Product, employment and taxes generated. The analysis is based on the following information the user has provided to the MHSTCI Tourism Regional Economic Impact Model:

Number of Visitors for Activity (or Event) of Type Festivals/Fairs

	Total Number of Visitors	Same Day (% of visitors'	Overnight (% of visitors' origin)	Average Length of Stay (nights)	
		origin)	3 /	3,	
Ontario	39,470	50.00%	50.00%	0	
Rest of Canada	3,450	20.00%	80.00%	0	
USA	2,449	10.00%	90.00%	0	
Overseas	206	0.00%	100.00%	0	
Total	45,575				

The user also has selected the following parameters:

- The visits take place in South Eastern Ontario (RTO 9) in 2021
- The impact is to be shown for South Eastern Ontario (RTO 9)
- Induced impacts of household spending are included
- · Induced impacts of business investment are included
- Local government property tax revenue impacts are included

2. Summary of Findings

Table 1. Economic Impact of Visitor Spending AQ 2019 in South Eastern Ontario (RTO 9) in 2021 (in dollars)

	South Eastern Ontario (RTO 9)	Rest of Province	
Total Visitors' Spending	\$10,938,302		
Gross Domestic Product (GDP)			
Direct	\$5,081,903	\$0	
Indirect	\$947,434	\$853,207	
Induced	\$1,351,350	\$780,940	
Total	\$7,380,687	\$1,634,147	
Labour Income			
Direct	\$2,675,934	\$0	
Indirect	\$623,498	\$542,798	
Induced	\$820,292	\$506,954	
Total	\$4,119,725	\$1,049,752	
Employment (Jobs)			
Direct	71	0	
Indirect	9	7	
Induced	9	6	
Total	89	14	
Direct Taxes			
Federal	\$900,306	\$0	
Provincial	\$1,296,125	\$0	
Municipal	\$143,845	\$0	
Total	\$2,340,276	\$0	
Total Taxes			
Federal	\$1,316,711	\$228,259	
Provincial	\$1,597,033	\$159,359	
Municipal	\$340,891	\$61,000	
Total	\$3,254,635	\$448,618	

Table 2. Economic Impacts of Economic Impact of Visitor Spending AQ 2019 in South Eastern Ontario (RTO 9) on GDP by industry (in dollars)

Industry		n Eastern Ontario O 9)	Impact on Rest of Province	
	Direct GDP	Total GDP	Direct GDP	Total GDP
Crop and Animal Production	\$0	\$8,432	\$0	\$31,938
Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	\$0	\$1,707	\$0	\$4,129
Mining and Oil and Gas Extraction	\$0	\$14,007	\$0	\$16,793
Utilities	\$0	\$35,212	\$0	\$35,525
Construction	\$0	\$134,190	\$0	\$99,490
Manufacturing	\$103,193	\$253,253	\$0	\$146,381
Wholesale Trade	\$0	\$50,067	\$0	\$251,319
Retail Trade	\$643,107	\$846,198	\$0	\$72,034
Other Transportation and Warehousing	\$97,383	\$163,114	\$0	\$334,676
Ground Passenger Transportation (excl. Rail)	\$54,167	\$64,400	\$0	\$12,013
Information and Cultural Industries	\$6,229	\$63,037	\$0	\$78,444
Other Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Renting and Leasing	\$13	\$492,777	\$0	\$229,030
Car Renting and Leasing	\$95,048	\$106,683	\$0	\$5,857
Owner Occupied Housing	\$0	\$276,706	\$0	\$43,444
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	\$0	\$166,088	\$0	\$75,724
Other Administrative and Other Support Services	\$0	\$85,378	\$0	\$37,092
Travel Agencies	\$0	\$6,724	\$0	\$3,627
Education Services	\$32,746	\$83,654	\$0	\$14,229
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$5,896	\$76,023	\$0	\$15,773
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	\$506,333	\$526,579	\$0	\$13,870
Accommodation Services	\$831,123	\$836,448	\$0	\$2,190
Food & Beverage Services	\$942,884	\$991,940	\$0	\$22,807
Other Services (Except Public Administration)	\$116,990	\$167,286	\$0	\$25,167
Operating, Office, Cafeteria, and Laboratory Supplies	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Travel & Entertainment, Advertising & Promotion	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Transportation Margins	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Non-Profit Institutions Serving Households	\$65,327	\$86,882	\$0	\$8,363
Government Sector	\$50,647	\$103,468	\$0	\$21,037
Net Indirect Taxes on Production	\$1,530,817	\$1,740,431	\$0	\$33,194
Total	\$5,081,903	\$7,380,687	\$0	\$1,634,147

Appendix:

The Economic Impact of Visits in South Eastern Ontario (RTO 9) and, if applicable, the rest of Ontario: since no Ontario region is economically self-sustaining, in order to produce the goods and services demanded by its visitors, it will need to import some goods and services from other regions. As such, some of the economic benefits of the visitors' spending in South Eastern Ontario (RTO 9) will spill over to the rest of the province and to regions outside Ontario. Impacts outside Ontario are not estimated by the TREIM.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP): value of goods and services produced by labour and capital located within a country (or region), regardless of nationality of labour or ownership. GDP is measured at market prices which include net indirect taxes on products. Tourism GDP refers to the GDP generated in those businesses that directly produce or provide goods and services for travelers.

Direct impact: refers to the impact generated in businesses or sectors that produce or provide goods and services directly to travelers, e.g. accommodations, restaurants, recreations, travel agents, transportation and retail enterprises etc. Direct impact on GDP, employment and tax revenues is also called tourism GDP, tourism employment and tourism tax revenues.

Indirect impact: refers to the impact resulting from the expansion of demand from businesses or sectors directly produce or provide goods and services to travelers, to other businesses or sectors.

Induced impact: refers to the impact associated with the re-spending of labour income and /or profits earned in the industries that serve travelers directly and indirectly.

Employment: refers to number of jobs, it include full-time, part-time, seasonal and temporary employment (based on the share of the year worked), for both employed and self-employed workers.

Federal tax revenues: include personal income tax, corporate income tax, commodity tax (GST/HST, gas tax, excise tax, excise duty, air tax and trading profits) and payroll deduction that is collected by the federal government.

Provincial tax revenues: include personal income tax, corporate income tax, commodity tax (PST/HST, gas tax, liquor gallonage tax, amusement tax and trading profits) and employer health tax that is collected by the Ontario provincial government.

Municipal tax revenues: include business and personal property and education taxes that are collected by the municipalities. Collection, however, does not follow immediately the consumption or production of goods and services in a municipality by visitors (as is the case with HST or personal income taxes). Rather, these taxes show the percent of the total property taxes collected by a municipality that can be attributed to tourism because of tourism's contribution to the economic activity of the municipality and hence its tax base.

Industry: The industry follows Statistics Canada's North America Industry Classification System (NAICS) Input-Output small aggregation industry classification.